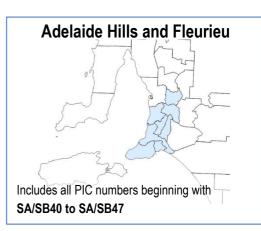


Adelaide Hills and Fleurieu

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.



This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?

52% of all commercial* Adelaide Hills and Fleurieu sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



~44,000 sheep



Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments</u>. An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.



Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: - Number producers affected** - Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low** - 48% * state average - <mark>High</mark>	- Low - 46%* state average - High
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 7% * state average - High	- Low - 7% * state average - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 7% - High	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 6% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 9%* state average - High	- High - 10% - High
 Cheesy gland: Number producers affected Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	Mutton predominant condition	- Low - 9% - <mark>Medium</mark>
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) - Number producers affected** - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low** - 51% * state average - Medium	- Low - 40%* state average - Medium
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) Rib fractures: - Number producers affected	- Low - 17%* state average - Medium - Low	- Low - 13%* state average - Medium Lamb predominant
 Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines <u>Lost value</u> to affected producers (on farm, trim) 	- 9% - Medium	condition
Nephritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn)	- Low - 12% - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 16% - Nil	- High - 24% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Adelaide Hills and Fleurieu ; liver fluke, dog bites, and knotty/pimply gut were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager 0459 888 133 | allison.crawley@sa.gov.au

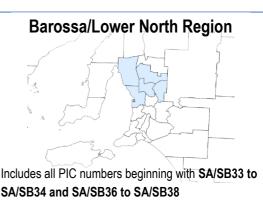


Barossa and Lower North

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.



This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



41% of all commercial* Barossa and Lower North sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



~53,000 sheep



Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments.</u> An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.



Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 48% * state average - <mark>High</mark>	- Low - 46%* state average - <mark>High</mark>
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 7% * state average - High	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 9% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 5% - <mark>High</mark>	- High - 7% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 9%* state average - High	- High - 10% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- Medium - 16% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
 Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 51% * state average - Medium	- Low - 40%* state average - Medium
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 17% * state average - Medium	- Low - 13%* state average - <mark>Medium</mark>
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Low - 7% - <mark>Medium</mark>	Lamb predominant condition
Nephritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn)	- Low - 13% - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 22% - Nil	- Very High - 27% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES: On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Low 1% to 24% Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75% Very high >75%	penalties Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Barossa and Lower North ; liver fluke, dog bites, and knotty/pimply gut were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager

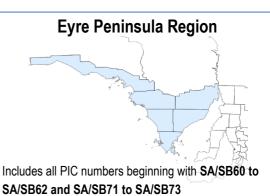


Eyre Peninsula

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to



improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.

This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



62% of all commercial* Eyre Peninsula sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



~244,000 sheep



Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments.</u> An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.



Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 40% - High	- Low - 46%* state average - High
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 7% - High	- Medium - 7% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 8% - High	- High - 7% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 8% - <mark>High</mark>	- High - 9% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 13% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
 Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 37% - Medium	- Low - 57% - <mark>Medium</mark>
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 17%* state average - Medium	- Low - 13%* state average - Medium
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Low - 9% * state average - Medium	Lamb predominant condition
Nephritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn)	- Medium - 17% - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 20% - Nil	- Very High - 21% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Eyre Peninsula; **liver fluke, dog bites**, and **knotty/pimply gut** were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager

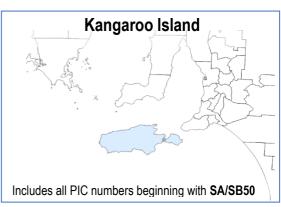


Kangaroo Island

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.



This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



83% of all commercial* Kangaroo Island sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



~94,000 sheep



Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments.</u> An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.



Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 48% * state average - High	- Low - 46%* state average - <mark>High</mark>
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 8% - High	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 7% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 8% - High	- High - 6% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 9% - High	- High - 10% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 15% - <mark>Medium</mark>
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
 Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 53% - <mark>Medium</mark>	- Low - 39% - Medium
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 26% - Medium	 Low 13%* state average Medium
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Low - 9% * state average - Medium	Lamb predominant condition
 Sarcocystis: Number producers affected Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines <u>Lost value</u> to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn) 	Mutton predominant condition	- High - 32% - Medium
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 30% - Nil	- High - 20% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected on Kangaroo Island; **liver fluke, dog bites, nephritis**, and **knotty/pimply gut** were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager 0459 888 133 | allison.crawley@sa.gov.au



Lower South East

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.

This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



17% of all commercial* Lower South East sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



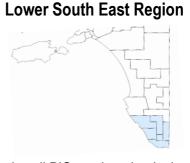
Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments</u>. An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.

It is recommended results are also interpreted in conjunction with the detailed <u>fact sheets</u> provided (also available on the PIRSA website) and advice from your veterinarian, livestock consultant or <u>PIRSA</u> <u>Animal Health Advisor</u>.



Includes all PIC numbers beginning with SA/SB10 to SA/SB15



~61,000 sheep

Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: - Number producers affected** - Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low** - 48% * state average - <mark>High</mark>	- Low - 46%* state average - High
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 7% * state average - <mark>High</mark>	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 7% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Medium - 8% - High	- High - 8% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 9% - High	- <mark>High</mark> - 12% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- Medium - 12% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
 Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) Number <u>producers</u> affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 51% * state average - <mark>Medium</mark>	- Medium - 40%* state average - Medium
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 17%* state average - <mark>Medium</mark>	- Low - 13%* state average - <mark>Medium</mark>
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Medium - 11% - Medium	Lamb predominant condition
Nephritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn)	- Low - 17%* state average - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Medium 18% - Nil	- Very High - 36% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Lower South East; **liver fluke, dog bites**, and **knotty/pimply gut** were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager

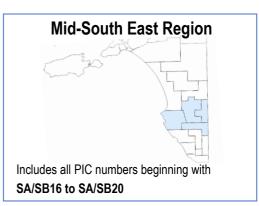


Mid-South East

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.



This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



17% of all commercial* Mid-South East sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



~41,000 sheep



Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments.</u> An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.



Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: - Number producers affected** - Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low** - 48% * state average - <mark>High</mark>	- Low - 46%* state average - <mark>High</mark>
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 7%* state average - <mark>High</mark>	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 7% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 8% - <mark>High</mark>	- Very High - 8% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 9%* state average - High	- Very High - 9% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- High - 11% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) - Number producers affected** - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low** - 51% * state average - Medium	- Medium - 27% - Medium
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 17%* state average - <mark>Medium</mark>	- Low - 13%* state average - <mark>Medium</mark>
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Low - 13% - <mark>Medium</mark>	Lamb predominant condition
Nephritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn)	- Low - 17%* state average - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 16% - Nil	- Very High - 33% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Mid-South East; **liver fluke, dog bites**, and **knotty/pimply gut** were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager



Murray Mallee

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.

This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



44% of all commercial* Murray Mallee sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



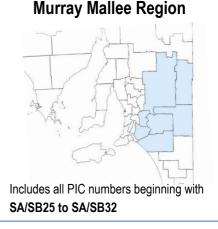
Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments.</u> An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.

It is recommended results are also interpreted in conjunction with the detailed <u>fact sheets</u> provided (also available on the PIRSA website) and advice from your veterinarian, livestock consultant or <u>PIRSA</u> <u>Animal Health Advisor</u>.





~169,000 sheep

Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 47% - High	- Low - 38% - High
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 6% - High	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 6% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 6% - High	- High - 6% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 9% - High	- High - 9% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- Medium - 11% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) - Number producers affected** - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low** - 62% - Medium	- Low - 55% - <mark>Medium</mark>
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 15% - <mark>Medium</mark>	- Low - 13%* state average - Medium
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Low - 9%* state average - Medium	Lamb predominant condition
Nephritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn)	- Low - 16% - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 15% - Nil	- Very High - 26% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Murray Mallee; **liver fluke, dog bites**, and **knotty/pimply gut** were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager



Northern Pastoral

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.

This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



36% of all commercial* Northern Pastoral sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments.</u> An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.

It is recommended results are also interpreted in conjunction with the detailed <u>fact sheets</u> provided (also available on the PIRSA website) and advice from your veterinarian, livestock consultant or <u>PIRSA</u> <u>Animal Health Advisor</u>.







Includes all PIC numbers beginning with SA/SB57 to SA/SB58; SA/SB70 and SA/SB80 to SA/SB84

~51,000 sheep

Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 48% * state average - High	- Low - 46%* state average - <mark>High</mark>
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 7%* state average - <mark>High</mark>	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 10% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 8%* state average - High	- High - 7% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 9%* state average - High	- High - 10% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- Medium - 19% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) - Number producers affected** - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low** - 51% * state average - Medium	- Low - 40% * state average - Medium
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) Rib fractures: - Number producers affected	- Low - 17%* state average - Medium - Low	- Low - 13%* state average - Medium Lamb predominant
Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines <u>Lost value</u> to affected producers (on farm, trim) Nephritis:	- 9%* state average - Medium	condition
 Number <u>producers</u> affected Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines <u>Lost value</u> to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn) 	- Low - 19% - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 27% - Nil	- Very High - 28% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Northern Pastoral Region; **liver fluke, dog bites**, and **knotty/pimply gut** were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager



Upper South East

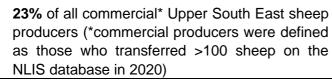
2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.

This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?





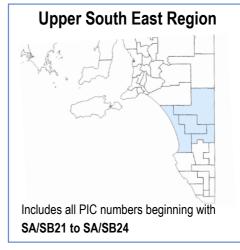
Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments.</u> An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.

It is recommended results are also interpreted in conjunction with the detailed <u>fact sheets</u> provided (also available on the PIRSA website) and advice from your veterinarian, livestock consultant or <u>PIRSA</u> <u>Animal Health Advisor</u>.



~56,000 sheep



Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- <mark>Medium**</mark> - 55% - High	- Low - 47% - High
Arthritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 8% - High	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 6% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 8%* state average - <mark>High</mark>	- High - 7% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 8% - <mark>High</mark>	- High - 9% - High
Cheesy gland: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	Mutton predominant condition	- High - 12% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
 Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) Number <u>producers</u> affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines <u>Lost value</u> to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 51% * state average - <mark>Medium</mark>	- Low - 40%* state average - <mark>Medium</mark>
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 17%* state average - Medium	- Low - 13% * state average - <mark>Medium</mark>
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Low - 9% * state average - Medium	Lamb predominant condition
Nephritis: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn)	- Low - 27% - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 20%* state average - Nil	- Very High - 32% - Nil

State average represents data normacross the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately		
**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:	
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs	
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,	
High 51% to 75%	penalties	
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns	

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Upper South East; **liver fluke, dog bites**, and **knotty/pimply gut** were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager 0459 888 133 | allison.crawley@sa.gov.au



Yorke Peninsula and Mid North

2020 Benchmarking report

Enhanced abattoir surveillance

The Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance program provides feedback to South Australian producers on conditions and diseases detected in sheep at Thomas Foods International abattoirs. The program helps producers to improve sheep health and welfare, maximise farm productivity and increase profits.

This benchmarking document enables producers to measure their animal health performance against others within their region.

Who and what does this data represent?



53% of all commercial* Yorke Peninsula and Mid North sheep producers (*commercial producers were defined as those who transferred >100 sheep on the NLIS database in 2020)



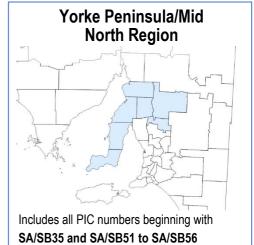
Direct consignments (not sheep sold through sale yards)

How do I use this information?

Results show the <u>number of producers in the region</u> affected for each condition (low, medium, high, very high) and the <u>average percent of sheep affected by each condition within affected consignments</u>. An indication of <u>potential lost value</u> due to the conditions both on-farm and at the abattoir is also provided.

By checking your abattoir condition feedback sent to you for each consignment during the 2020 year, you can compare if the condition is rarely or commonly seen in your region, and at what levels the condition is seen in consigned affected stock in your region.

It is recommended results are also interpreted in conjunction with the detailed <u>fact sheets</u> provided (also available on the PIRSA website) and advice from your veterinarian, livestock consultant or <u>PIRSA</u> <u>Animal Health Advisor</u>.



~192,000 sheep



Conditions with HIGH farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
Grass seeds: Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 35% - High	- Low - 2%* state average - High
Arthritis: Number producers affected Proportion animals affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low - 6% - High	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 6% - High
Sheep measles: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (condemns)	- Low - 9% - High	- High - 7% - High
Pleurisy: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 11% - High	- High - 10% - High
 Cheesy gland: Number producers affected Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	Mutton predominant condition	- <mark>Medium</mark> - 12% - Medium
Conditions with lower farm &/or abattoir impacts	Lamb	Mutton
 Vaccine lesions: (depends on lesion location on carcase) Number producers affected** Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns) 	- Low** - 42% - Medium	 Low 40%* state average Medium
Pneumonia: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim, condemns)	- Low - 12% - <mark>Medium</mark>	 Low 13%* state average Medium
Rib fractures: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (on farm, trim)	- Low - 9% * state average - <mark>Medium</mark>	Lamb predominant condition
 Nephritis: Number <u>producers</u> affected Proportion <u>animals</u> affected in affected lines <u>Lost value</u> to affected producers (possible on farm; offal condemn) 	- Low - 17% - Low	Lamb predominant condition
Bladder worm: - Number producers affected - Proportion animals affected in affected lines - Lost value to affected producers (offal condemn only)	- Low - 20% - Nil	- Very High - 28% - Nil

*State average represents data from across the whole state as insufficient regional data available to calculate accurately

**Number of producers who consigned affected stock:	LOST VALUE INCLUDES:
Low 1% to 24%	On Farm: deaths, poor growth, treatment costs
Medium 25% to 50%	Producer: carcase trim, carcase condemns,
High 51% to 75%	penalties
Very high >75%	Abattoir: downgraded carcases, offal condemns

<u>Conditions not included</u> – insufficient numbers of animals affected by **bruising & cirrhosis** were detected in the Yorke Peninsula and Mid North; liver fluke, dog bites, and knotty/pimply gut were detected on very few SA properties in 2020 and are not included in the benchmarking figures. **Sarcocystis** is a significant condition for Kangaroo Island producers due to high feral cat numbers.

Dr Allison Crawley, Enhanced Abattoir Surveillance Program Manager